## **Archdiocese of New York Grade 7 English Language Arts Parent Matrix**

This parent matrix is intended to be a tool for you as a parent to help support your child's learning. The table below contains all of the Grade 7 English Language Arts learning standards. Learning standards describe the knowledge and skills that students should master by the end of Grade 7. Each standard has a specific code. For example, RL.7.1 stands for "Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 1." You will often see these standards referenced on your child's quizzes, worksheets, tests, etc.

You should access the recommended resources in the right hand "Resources" column electronically by clicking on the hyperlinks provided. *However, we suggest* that you also download and print this matrix. You will notice that the column all the way to the left is marked "Parent Notes." You can use this column to take notes on your child's progress. You may wish to check off each standard after you have worked on it with your child.

In English Language Arts, there are five main categories of standards. These include Reading Standards for Literature, Reading Standards for Informational Texts, Writing Standards, Speaking & Listening Standards, and Language Standards. Each category is highlighted in a different color. In class, students will typically work on standards from multiple categories at one time. *Your child's teacher will be able to tell you which standards you should focus on with your child throughout the year.* 

We hope that this parent matrix is a valuable resource for you. If you find that you would like additional practice materials to work on you can use the standard codes provided below to search for additional resources.

Reading for Literature	Reading for Informational Text	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language
These standards pertain to	These standards pertain to	These standards pertain to	These standards require	These standards focus on
students' ability to read and	students' ability to read and	students' ability to use their	students to be able to	students' ability to master
analyze different types of	examine the claims and	expanding vocabularies and	express their thoughts,	standard English grammar,
literature, such as poetry,	evidence presented in	command of standard	feelings, and ideas clearly,	conventions, usage,
prose, and drama.	nonfiction texts such as	English to write organized	adhere to conversational	capitalization, punctuation,
	textbooks, magazine articles,	writing pieces for a range of	norms, and appropriately	spelling, and word
	biographies, and manuals.	audiences and tasks.	apply formal and informal	relationships when writing
			English to different	and speaking.
			situations.	

		READING STANDA	RDS FOR LITERATURE	
<b>Parent Notes</b>	Standard	What does this	What can I do at	Resources
	Code	standard mean?	home?	
	Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 1 (RL.7.1)	Students must be able to cite textual evidence to support their inferences and analysis of a text.	Ask your child  "What do you think the author means by this line? What evidence from the text supports that idea?"  "What specific examples, points, etc from the text support that idea?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4694-comprehension-skill-video-the-railway-train-day-1  Read the text and watch the lesson video with your child to help him/her practice using textual evidence to make inferences.
	Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 2 (RL.7.2)	Students must be able to identify the theme or central idea and analyze its development throughout a text. They must also be able to summarize the text separate from personal opinions or judgments.	Ask your child  "What is theme of that story, fable, etc.? How did the author make that idea clear in the story?"  "What was this story, play, etc about? Can you summarize it from beginning to end?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1999- determine-the-theme-of-a-story-by- comparing-and-contrasting-character- actions  Read the text with your child. Then watch the video lesson together to help him/her learn more about determining the theme of a text.
	Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 3 (RL.7.3)	Students must be able to analyze how elements of a story interact (e.g. how the setting affects characters).	Ask your child  "How did the characters react to the main problem/challenge in this story?"  "How would this scene be different if it took place [during the day versus night, etc]?"  "What are the main events from the plot that affect the characters?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2059-analyze-the-impact-of-setting-on-mood-and-tone  Read the text with your child. Then watch the video to help him/her learn how the setting can impact the mood and/or tone of a text.
	Reading for Literature	Students must be able to figure out the meaning of unfamiliar words	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4695- comprehension-skill-video-the-railway-

Grade 7	and phrases in a text, including	"What do you think that word	train-day-2
Standard 4 (RL.7.4)	figurative and connotative meanings – neutral, negative, or	might mean based on the rest of the sentence/passage?"	Read the text and watch the video with
	positive feelings/ideas associated with a word. They should be able	"Do you think that is exactly what	your child to help him/her learn to interpret extended metaphors.
	to analyze the effect of a rhyme	that word/ phrase means, or do	interpret externaed metaphors.
	and/or repetition on a specific section of a text.	you think the author might be trying to say something else?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4696- comprehension-skill-video-the-railway-
		trying to say sometiming cise.	train-day-3
		"What if the author had chosen	
		the word [residence] instead of	Read the poem with your child. Then
		[home]? What kinds of connotations does each of those	watch the video to help him/her better understand how specific words impact
		words have? How might that	the meaning of a text.
		change the tone of the	
		sentence?"	
		"What if the author had not	
		repeated [this phrase] over and	
		over? How would that change	
Reading for	Students must be able to analyze	this passage?"  Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1897-
Literature	how the form or structure of a	, ,	analyze-how-irony-reveals-character-
Grade 7	drama or poem contributes to its	"How is this text organized?"	<u>traits</u>
Standard 5 (RL.7.5)	meaning.	"How does this [stanza, line, etc]	Print the note-taking sheet and read the
(NE.7.5)		change the [tone, meaning,	text with your child. Then watch the
		etc]?"	video together to learn how form
Donding for	Church make mount has a label at a constitution	A ale versus alailel	contributes to the meaning of a text.
Reading for Literature	Students must be able to analyze how an author develops and/or	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1956- analyze-narrator-s-point-of-view
Grade 7	contrasts the points of view of	"How might your reaction to this	analyze harrator a point or view
Standard 6	different characters and/or	[scene, event, etc] be different if	Read the text and watch the video
(RL.7.6)	narrators in a text.	the narrator were speaking from	lesson with your child to help him/her better understand how to examine a
		a third-person point of view instead of first-person? Would it	narrator's point of view.
	A. They should also be able to analyze texts by authors	have the same impact?"	nanata. a pame ar riem.
	from a variety of cultural	"How does [this character's]	
	backgrounds.	point of view of this event differ	

		from [another character's]?"	
		"Did you read the author's biography at the back of the book? What do you know about him/her? How do you think this impacted the events of the story?"	
Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 7 (RL.7.7)	Students must be able to compare and contrast a written text with its audio, film, staged, or multimedia version. They should be able to analyze the effects of the techniques unique to each format (e.g. lighting, sound, color, and/or camera focus and angles).	When your child reads books that he/she enjoys, visit your local library to try to find audio, movie, etc versions of the story. Ask your child  "What was similar about this scene in the book and the movie? And different?"  "How did the [lighting, sound, effects, etc] of the staged version affect your understanding of the story?"  "Was [this character] portrayed in the movie as you had pictured him/her while reading the book? What was different? What examples in the book made you think that way?"	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade7/readingliterature/7/5textaudio.pdf  http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/best/grade7/readingliterature/7/7comparing.pdf  Print the worksheets. Then try these activities with your child to help him/her practice comparing and contrasting different portrayals of the same story.
Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 9 (RL.7.9)	Students must be able to compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of an event, time, place, or character with a historical account of the same period to understand how authors of fiction use and/or alter history in their writing.	When your child demonstrates interest in a particular topic, visit your local library or bookstore to search for nonfiction texts focused on that interest (e.g. a non-fiction book and a fantasy story about knights). Ask your child  "What was the main idea/theme of [this text]? And the other	http://education.nationalgeographic.com/topics/graphic-organizer/  Print the graphic organizer for your child to use to record notes and help him/her compare and contrast two portrayals of an event, time, place, or character.

Reading for Literature Grade 7 Standard 10 (RL.7.10)	By the end of the year, students should be able to read and understand grade-level literature – including stories, dramas, and poetry – when working	"What true elements explained in the nonfiction text did you recognize in the fictional story?"  "How did the authors convey their messages in each text?"  When you help your child pick out books, make sure that the books and stories he/she is reading are on the 7 <sup>th</sup> grade level. If you are not sure what reading	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/691- identifying-genre-by-previewing-a-text  Read the texts with your child. Then watch the video to help him/her
Literature Grade 7	should be able to read and understand grade-level literature –	out books, make sure that the books and stories he/she is	identifying-genre-by-previewing-a-text
		Model independent reading by reading your own book while your child is reading.	

	Pooding for	Students must be able to identify	Ask your child	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
	Reading for	Students must be able to identify,	ASK your crilla	
	Literature Grade 7	interpret, and draw ethnic and artistic connections between the	"Can you connect this book to	<u>afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/help-teen-choose-book-30111.html</u>
	Standard 11	different types of literature they	•	teen-choose-book-30111.html
	(RL.7.11)	* *	anything else you've read, learned about in another class,	Use these tips to help your child choose
'	(KL.7.11)	read and other texts, ideas, cultural perspectives, personal events, eras,	experienced in your own life, etc?	appropriate books to read.
		and situations.	What is the connection between	appropriate books to read.
		and situations.	those two things?"	
			those two things:	
		A. Students should be able to	"Does remind you of anything	
		choose texts for	in your own life? How? Why?"	
		themselves to read based	in your own inc. now. why.	
		on personal preferences.	Take your child to visit the local	
		B. Students must be able to	library and allow him/her to	
		use given criteria to	choose books for him-/herself.	
		classify, select, and	Check that he/she is choosing	
		evaluate texts to make	texts at an appropriate reading	
		informed judgments about	level.	
		the quality of a piece.		

	READING STANDARDS FOR INFORMATIONAL TEXT				
<b>Parent Notes</b>	Standard	What does this	What can I do at	Resources	
	Code	standard mean?	home?		
	Reading for Informational Text Grade 7 Standard 1 (RI.7.1)	Students must be able to cite textual evidence to support their inferences and analysis of a text.	Ask your child  "Can you tell my why you think?"  "What examples, points, etc from the text support that idea?"  "What do you think the author means by?"  "The text says, '' What do you	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4787-comprehension-skill-video-denver-s-street-smart-prairie-dogs-day-4  Read the text with your child. Then watch the video together to guide him/her to develop a better understanding of how to cite strong textual evidence.	
	Reading for Informational Text Grade 7 Standard 2 (RI.7.2)	Students must be able to identify at least two central ideas and analyze their development throughout a text. They must also be able to summarize the text separate from personal opinions or judgments.	think?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1959-determine-the-central-idea-of-a-nonfiction-article  Read the article and watch the video lesson with your child to encourage him/her to practice identifying the central idea of a nonfiction text.	
	Reading for Informational Text Grade 7 Standard 3 (RI.7.3)	Students must be able to analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g. how they influence each other).	Ask your child  "How did [this individual] respond to [this challenge, event, etc]?"  "How do you think [this event] was affected by the [people]? What examples from the text support that idea?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4882- comprehension-skill-video-crawling- around-with-baltimore-street-rats-day-1  Read the text with your child. Then watch the video lesson together to help your child learn how to analyze interactions between individuals, events, and ideas.	

Reading for	Students must be able to figure out	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4777-
Informationa Text Grade 7 Standard 4	and phrases in a text – including figurative, connotative, and	"What does that word mean in the sentence?"	comprehension-skills-video-afterbeing- convicted-of-voting-day-4
(RI.7.4)	technical meanings – and to analyze the impact of specific word	"Do you think that is exactly what	Read the speech with your child. Then watch the video to help him/her learn to
	choices on the meaning and tone of	that word/ phrase means, or do	examine specific word choices and their
	a passage.	you think the author might be	impact on a text.
		trying to say something else?"	
		"What if the author had left out	
		[this word or phrase]? How	
		would that change the tone of	
		this section?"	
Reading for	Students must be able to analyze	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/3853-
Informationa		<b>"</b>	describe-a-character-by-summarizing-
Text Grade 7	organize a text. They should be	"How is this text organized?"	details
Standard 5 (RI.7.5)	able to explain how major sections contribute to the development of	"What do you think the author	Print the note-taking sheet and read the
(11.7.5)	the whole text.	wants the readers to	article with your child. Then watch the
	the whole text.	understand?"	video to prompt him/her to practice
			using details from specific sections of a
		"Why is this paragraph	text to describe a character.
		important? How does it impact	
		the rest of the text?"	
Reading for	Students must be able to	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4774-
Informationa	·	(man)	comprehension-skills-video-afterbeing-
Text Grade 7 Standard 6	view and/or purpose for writing a	"What is the author's point of view of? What are some	convicted-of-voting-day-1
(RI.7.6)	text. They should be able to analyze how the author	examples from the text that	Read the text and watch the video with
(111.7.0)	distinguishes his/her position from	show that?"	your child to help him/her develop a
	that of other authors.		better understanding of how an author
		"If the author's purpose changed	distinguishes his/her position from that
		from [informing] to [trying to	of others.
		persuade], how would this	
		passage be different?"	
		"Does this author agree or	
		disagree with other authors	
		about? How do you know?"	

Reading for	Students must be able to compare	When your child reads	http://education.nationalgeographic.co
Informational	and contrast a written text to an	informational texts that he/she	m/topics/graphic-organizer/
Text Grade 7	audio, video, or multimedia	enjoys, visit your local library or	
Standard 7	version. They should be able to	search the internet to help your	Print the graphic organizer for your child
(RI.7.7)	analyze how the subject is	child find videos, podcasts, etc	to use to record notes and help him/her
	presented in each format (e.g. how	about the topics in which he/she	compare and contrast a written text to
	the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).	is interested. Ask your child	an audio, video, or multimedia version.
		"What was similar about the	
		portrayal of this event in the text	
		and the movie? And different?"	
		"How did the [lighting, sound,	
		effects, etc] of the film version	
		affect your understanding of the	
		information?"	
Reading for	Students must be able to trace and	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4886-
Informational	evaluate the arguments and claims		comprehension-skill-video-crawling-
Text Grade 7	in a text. They should be able to	"Why does the author	<u>around-with-baltimore-street-rats-day-5</u>
Standard 8	assess whether the reasoning is	argue/think?"	
(RI.7.8)	sound and whether there is enough	(0.4)	Read the text with your child. Then
	evidence to support the author's	"What reasons does the author	watch the video to help him/her
	claims.	give to support his/her thinking	practice tracing the development of an
		about? Does his/her argument make sense?"	author's claim.
		make senser	
		"Which arguments that the	
		author presents are most	
		convincing? Why? Are there any	
		weak claims that you do not think	
		the author gives enough	
		evidence to argue?"	

Reading for Informational Text Grade 7 Standard 9 (RI.7.9)	Students must be able to analyze the differences between two or more authors' presentations of the same topic.  A. They should also be able to use their own experiences and knowledge of language, logic, and culture	Ask your child  "What is similar about these texts and the points they raise? What is different?"  "Do you think these two authors would agree on? Why?"  Assist your child in taking notes	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade7/readinginfo/8/1dinner.pdf  Print this activity. Then have your child complete it to practice analyzing two authors' presentations of the same topic.  http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade7/readinginfo/8/4understanding.
	to think analytically, address problems creatively, and advocate persuasively.	on a single topic from multiple texts to help him/her think analytically. Ask him/her  "What are the most important information, main ideas, key details, etc from each text?"	Print this graphic organizer for your child to use to examine other articles.
		"How can you categorize/group the different facts, details, and pieces of evidence you are gathering from these texts?"	

	Reading for	By the end of the year, students	Spend time reading nonfiction	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com
	Informational	should be able to read and	textbooks and articles with your	/grade7/readinginfo/9/4asl.pdf
	Text Grade 7	understand nonfiction texts at	child.	
	Standard 10	grade-level and above (with help as		http://www.englishworksheetsland.com
	(RI.7.10)	necessary).	Consider subscribing to a kids'	/best/grade7/readinginfo/9/14michelle.
			magazine through <u>Scholastic</u> ,	<u>pdf</u>
			TIME for Kids, National	
			Geographic for Kids, or another	Print this passages and accompanying
			publishing company.	questions for your child to use to
				practice reading and checking for
			Encourage your child to read	understanding of informational texts.
			independently frequently. Ask	
			your child about what he/she is	
			reading.	
			Set aside a daily reading time in	
			your household.	
			Model reading informational	
			texts independently by reading	
			newspapers and other articles	
			while your child reads his/her	
			textbook or another	
			informational text.	
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		WRITING S	STANDARDS	
<b>Parent Notes</b>	Standard	What does this	What can I do at	Resources
	Code	standard mean?	home?	
	Writing Grade 7 Standard 1 (W.7.1)	Students must be able to express and back up their own claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence in writing. They must be able to:  A. Introduce the claim(s), acknowledge alternate claims, and organize reasons and evidence logically.  B. Provide logical reasons expanded by relevant evidence to support their claims, using credible sources and showing an understanding of the text or topic.  C. Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clearly connect claim(s), reasons, and evidence.  D. Establish and maintain a formal style.  E. End with a conclusion that follows from and supports the argument presented.	Encourage your child to write argumentative pieces about books he/she reads or other ideas you discuss at home. Before your child writes his/her piece, help him/her organize his work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Ask your child to identify and organize logically his/her claim(s), reasons, and evidence. If he/she did not include all of these elements, help him/her edit his/her writing to include all of the necessary components.	A. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2065-introduce-a-claim-by-hooking-the-reader  Read the article. Then watch this video with your child to help him/her construct a strong introduction to an argument.  https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2146-acknowledge-opposing-claims-in-argumentative-writing  Watch this video to help your child learn how to acknowledge alternative claims in his/her writing.  B. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2089-write-a-first-draft-using-an-outline  Read the article. Watch these videos with your child to review with him/her how to use an outline to prepare to write a logical draft with relevant reasons and evidence.  C. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2080-add-transition-words-and-phrases-to-writing-to-clarify-the-relationships-between-reasons-and-evidence

			Read the text and use this video to help your child review how to link ideas in a text.  D. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2143-revise-writing-to-establish-a-formal-style  Read the article and watch this video with your child to help him/her learn how to revise his/her writing to establish and maintain a formal style.  E. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2139-write-a-concluding-paragraph  Read the text with your child. Then watch this video with your
Writing (7 Standa (W.7.2)	informative/explanatory pieces to examine a topic and clearly communicate ideas, concepts, and information. They must be able to:  A. Use strategies such as definition, classification, compare/contrast, and cause/effect; tools such as headings and graphs; and multimedia to introduce	Encourage your child to write informative pieces about books he/she reads or other ideas you discuss at home. Before your child writes his/her informative piece, help him/her organize his/her work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Ask your child to identify his/her topic, facts and definitions, and conclusions. If he/she did not include all of these elements, help him/her	child to assist him/her in writing the conclusion of a text.  A. <a href="https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2054-draft-an-introductory-paragraph">https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2054-draft-an-introductory-paragraph</a> Read the short story. Then watch this video with your child to help him/her practice writing a strong introduction.  B. <a href="https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2071-draft-body-paragraphs">https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2071-draft-body-paragraphs</a>
	the topic clearly, preview what is to follow, and organize the information.  B. Develop the topic by	edit his/her writing to include all of the necessary components.	Read the text with your child. Then watch this video with your child to learn how to write body

including relevant facts, definitions, examples, and quotations as necessary.  C. Use appropriate transition words and phrases to create cohesion and make the relationships among ideas and concepts clear.  D. Use precise language and vocabulary specific to the topic.  E. Establish and maintain a formal style.  F. End with a conclusion that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.	paragraphs that support the claims made in the introduction.  https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2072-revise-a-draft-to-add-intextual-evidence  Use this video lesson to help your child learn how to use textual evidence in his/her writing.  C. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2048-revise-by-adding-transition-words  Read the text with your child. Then watch this video to help him/her review using transition words in his/her writing.  D. http://content.scholastic.com/content/collateral resources/pdf/85/0439237785_e033.pdf  Print the worksheet and use it to help your child to practice using specific language.  E. http://englishlinx.com/cgi-bin/pdf_viewer.cgi?script_name==%2Fpdf_common_core%2FFor_mal-versus-Informal-English-Worksheet-CCSS.ELA-literoever.
	=%2Fpdf_common_core%2FFor mal-versus-Informal-English-

				worksheet for your child to complete as a review of the use of formal style.  F. <a href="https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2060-draft-a-concluding-statement">https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2060-draft-a-concluding-statement</a> Read the short story with your child. Then watch this video lesson to help him/her review how to write a strong conclusion.
7.5	Standard 3 r N.7.3) ii u	A. Engage readers by introducing the narrative, narrator and/or characters, point of view, and context and organizing a natural sequence of events.  B. Include dialogue, detailed descriptions, and pacing to show and describe the feelings, thoughts, and actions of the characters and to develop the events.  C. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to move along the sequence of events in time or setting.	Encourage your child to write narrative pieces about books he/she reads or other events he/she experiences. Before your child writes his/her narrative piece, help him/her organize his/her work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Ask your child to identify his/her event/sequence of events in order, details and thoughts, and conclusions. If he/she did not include all of these elements, help him/her edit his/her writing to include all of the necessary components.	http://www.readwritethink.org/classroo m-resources/student-interactives/circle- plot-diagram-30026.html?tab=4#tabs  http://www.readwritethink.org/classroo m-resources/student-interactives/cube- 30057.html?tab=3#tabs  Help your child use these interactive tools to plan the plot of his/her narrative writing and organize a logical sequence of events.  http://www.readwritethink.org/classroo m-resources/student-interactives/hero- journey-30069.html  Guide your child in using this interactive tool to explore the elements of the hero narrative and plan one of his/her own.  http://content.scholastic.com/content/c ollateral_resources/pdf/00/BTS00_004. pdf  Print this list of vivid vocabulary words

Writing Grade 7 Standard 4 (W.7.4)	D. Use specific and vivid words and phrases and sensory details to capture the action and describe experiences and events precisely.  E. End with a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrative presented.  Students must be able to write focused pieces in which the development, organizations, and style are appropriate to the purpose and audience as described above in standards 1-3 (e.g. opinion piece, informative text).  A. They should also be able to create text (print or nonprint) that explores different cultures and perspectives.	Encourage your child to write different pieces about books he/she reads, ideas, or other events he/she experience and/or prompt him/her to produce text about other cultures and perspectives. Before your child writes his/her piece, help him/her organize his/her work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Either give your child a specific assignment or ask your child to identify his/her purpose for writing – to argue a point (opinion piece), or to tell a story (narrative). Refer to the specific expectations for each type – explained above in standards 1-3 – to ensure your child includes all necessary elements. If he/she did not include all of these components, help him/her edit his/her writing to include all of the necessary components.  When your child writes, ask	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4520-revise-for-sentence-fluency  Read the text with your child. Then watch the video lesson with him/her to help him/her learn how to better revise his/her writing.
7 Standard 5 (W.7.5)	guidance from an adult and/or peers, students must be able to develop and strengthen their writing by planning, revising,	questions (who, what, when where, why, how) to encourage him/her to add more detail and/or clarity	generate-reasons-and-evidence-to- prepare-for-writing  https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2147-

	The second second		
	editing, rewriting, and/or trying a	((C)   -   -   -   -   -   -   -	revise-writing-for-clarity-and-purpose
	new approach. They should focus	"Can you tell me more about?"	Decidality and the College
	on how well they have addressed	(()Albert de concessor la 2"	Read the article with your child. Then
	the purpose and audience of the	"What do you mean by?"	watch the videos to learn how to plan
	specific writing assignment.	(()All-at alanamatan	and revise a focused written piece by
		"What do you want your readers	preparing and outlining the relevant
		to know, think, etc after reading this?"	reasons and evidence.
			http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
		Encourage your child to reread	afterschool-resources/tips-
		his/her written pieces to check	howtos/revise-edit-30116.html
		carefully for mistakes in	
		grammar, spelling, and/or	Use these tips to help your child better
		punctuation and places where	understand how to edit and revise a
		he/she can change words or	piece of writing.
		sentences to strengthen the	
		writing.	
Writing Grade	Students must be able to use	Help your child use a computer,	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
7 Standard 6	technology – including the internet	iPad, etc to write and publish	afterschool-resources/games-
(W.7.6)	– to write and create their own	stories and texts digitally.	tools/fractured-fairy-tales-a-30186.html
	texts electronically, link to and cite		
	sources, and interact/collaborate	Encourage your child to cite	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
	with others.	his/her sources and link to them.	afterschool-resources/games-
		Ask him/her	tools/diamante-poems-a-30185.html
		"Where did you find this	Help your child use these interactive
		information?"	tools to write stories and poems
		inionilation:	digitally.
			digitally.
			http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
			afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/safe-
			online-30119.html
			Use these tips and resources to help
			your child safely connect and interact
			with others on the internet.
Writing Grade	Students must be able to complete	Visit the local library or use a	http://www.readwritethink.org/classroo
7 Standard 7	short research projects to answer a	computer at home to assist your	m-resources/student-
(W.7.7)	question by gathering information	child in research about a topic in	interactives/creator-30846.html
	from several sources and	which he/she is interested. Help	

	generating additional related,	him/her to formulate a research	Guide your child in using this interactive
	focused questions for further	question about the topic around	tool to plan his/her research, record
	research if necessary.	which to focus his/her research.	his/her learning, and generate new
		Encourage your child to write	questions.
		about what he/she learned.	
			http://www.readwritethink.org/classroo
		Ask your child	m-resources/student-
			interactives/readwritethink-notetaker-
		"What do you what to know	<u>30055.html</u>
		about?"	
			Help your child use this online tool to
		"Now that you have	create an outline of notes for the
		researched, what are you	information he/she gathers from his/her
		curious about?"	research.
Writing Grade	Students must be able to gather	When your child demonstrates	http://www.readwritethink.org/classroo
7 Standard 8	information from multiple print	curiosity about a topic, help	m-resources/student-interactives/hints-
(W.7.8)	and digital sources. They should be	him/her find books and online	about-print-30025.html
	able to effectively use search	sources related to the topic that	
	terms, determine whether a source	can answer his/her questions.	Help your child use this interactive tool
	is credible and accurate,	Before beginning the research,	to determine the credibility of a source.
	paraphrase and/or quote the	work together to brainstorm a	
	information without plagiarizing,	few categories of information	
	and use a standard format for	into which your child can sort the	
	citing sources.	information he/she finds.	
		Encourage him/her to write	
		about what he/she learned and	
		list bibliographic information for	
		all of the sources used. Ask your	
		child	
		"What terms could you search to	
		find the most relevant	
		information?"	
		<i>u</i> -	
		"Does this source seem credible	
		to you? Why?"	
		(1)	
		"In your own words, can you	
		explain what this source said	
		about?"	

Writing Grade	Students must be able draw	As you assist your child in	A. <a href="http://www.readwritethink.org/">http://www.readwritethink.org/</a>
7 Standard 9	evidence from grade level literary	conducting researching and	classroom-resources/student-
(W.7.9)	or informational texts to support	preparing to write, ask him/her	interactives/literary-elements-
(00.7.9)	their thoughts and research.	preparing to write, ask miny her	30011.html
	_	"What is the theme of that story,	30011.11(1111
	Specifically, they should be able	2.1	Cuido your child in using this
	to	poem, etc.?"	Guide your child in using this
		"What evidence from the text	interactive tool to identify and map out the elements of a
	A. (Literary Texts) explicitly	shows how the author makes	
	cite textual evidence;		literary text in preparation for
	determine the theme of a	that lesson clear in the story?"	writing.
	text; provide an objective	(()A/b-at-in-signaile u-ab-a-at-b-a-a-t-a-a-	D. latter of Alas and
	summary; analyze the	"What is similar about these two	B. <a href="https://learnzillion.com/lessons/">https://learnzillion.com/lessons/</a>
	impact of rhyme,	presentations of the story and	2064-find-evidence-in-an-
	repetition, form, structure,	the points they raise?"	article-to-support-persuasive-
	and point of view; and/or	Assist your shild in taking notes	writing
	compare and contrast	Assist your child in taking notes	Read the text and watch the
	different presentations of	on a single topic from multiple	
	the same story and	texts. Ask him/her	video with your child to help
	fictional and factual	(()A/b at a va the areast income autom	him/her learn how to find
	portrayals of events.	"What are the most important	textual evidence that is relevant
	B. (Informational Texts)	information, main ideas, key	to the purpose and audience for
	explicitly cite textual	details, etc from each text?"	a writing task.
	evidence; identify the		
	central ideas of a text;		
	provide an objective		
	summary, analyze the		
	impact of structure,		
	specific words, point of		
	view, and purpose;		
	compare and contrast		
	different presentations of a		
	subject in different formats		
	or by different authors;		
	trace and evaluate		
	argument and claims in a		
	text; and/or assess		
	whether an author's		
	reasoning is sound.		

(Refer to Grade 7 Reading

	Standards – listed above – for		
	further detail about the		
	expectations for literary and		
	informational texts.)		
Writing Grad	,	Provide your child with ample	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
7 Standard 10	,	opportunities to engage in	afterschool-resources/activities-
(W.7.10)	reflection, and revision) and	writing projects that range across	projects/trip-museum-from-picture-
, ,	shorter periods of time for a variety	a wide variety of purposes and	30302.html
	of purposes and audiences.	audiences. Write letters/notes to	
		mail to friends and relatives,	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
		create longer and shorter	afterschool-resources/activities-
		narrative stories to share with	projects/raining-cats-dogs-make-
		younger siblings, and engage in	30619.html?main-tab=2#tabs
		longer-term research projects.	
			Help your child engage in these creative
		Sit with your child and write your	writing projects to practice writing
		own letters, stories, etc to model	regularly.
		focused behavior while you are	
		working.	
		Engage in research and writing	
		projects with your child that	
		extend over a period of multiple	
		days and/or weeks. Help your	
		child choose a topic together,	
		conduct research in books and	
		online, and write about what	
		he/she learned.	

Writing Grade	Students must be able to creatively	Talk with your child about what	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
7 Standard 11	communicate their responses to	he/she is studying in school.	afterschool-resources/activities-
(W.7.11)	and identify connections in a	Then help him/her gather	projects/make-mystery-puzzle-
	literary work through a poem,	pencils, a computer, markers,	30146.html?main-tab=2#tabs
	story, play, artwork, etc. They	paint, etc to write and/or draw a	
	should be able to	response to the author or theme.	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
		Give your child an opportunity to	afterschool-resources/activities-
	A Fundicitly make nerconal	present his/her creation to your	projects/comics-graphic-novels-
	A. Explicitly make personal, textual, thematic, and	family, neighbors, etc.	30296.html?main-tab=2#tabs
	cultural connections across	Ask your child	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
	text genres.	·	afterschool-resources/activities-
	B. Create poetry, stories,	"How does this text connect to	projects/poetic-memories-summer-
	plays, and other literary	[your life, this culture you	30862.html?main-tab=2#tabs
	form (e.g. videos, artwork).	learned about, etc]?"	
			Help your child use this creative tools
			and ideas to respond to a text, author,
			and/or topic he/she has read.

	SPEAKING AND LISTENING STANDARDS				
<b>Parent Notes</b>	Standard	What does this	What can I do at	Resources	
	Code	standard mean?	home?		
	Speaking and Listening Grade 7 Standard 1 (SL.7.1)	Students must be able to respectfully engage in one-on-one and group conversations with a diverse group of individuals about age-appropriate topics, issues, and texts. Specifically, they should be able to  A. be ready to discuss and share thoughts and/or questions about assigned	A. Choose books, articles, or other texts for you and your child to both read independently. Then engage in explicit conversations about what you have read.  Encourage your child to refer explicitly to the texts and anything else he/she knows about that topic during your	A. <a href="http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/motivating-teen-readers-30110.html">howtos/motivating-teen-readers-30110.html</a> Use these tips to encourage your child to engage in thoughtful conversations — through a book club, etc — about what he/she reads.	
		materials with specific references to required reading and other information (e.g. conduct research on an assigned topic and be able to have a discussion with classmates about their opinions and questions with explicit mention of information and evidence from the text).	conversations (e.g. "On page 14, he says;" "I saw a TV episode about this that said").  B. Engage in a variety of conversations – one-onone in the car, whole group over the dinner table, etc – with your child. Model how to listen respectfully –	B. <a href="http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/helping-teen-plan-conduct-30113.html">http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/helping-teen-plan-conduct-30113.html</a> Use these tips and strategies to help prepare your child for an academic conversation.	
		B. follow appropriate norms for academic discussions, track progress towards specific goals and deadlines, and define roles as needed – participant, leader, observer, etc.	looking at the speaker and not interrupting – and how to stay focused on the topic of conversation. Encourage your child to do the same. C. When speaking with your	C. <a href="http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/activities-projects/explore-summers-past-present-30151.html">http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/activities-projects/explore-summers-past-present-30151.html</a>	
		C. ask and respond to specific questions and share relevant observations to elaborate on others'	child, ask for clarification when necessary and encourage him/her to do the same. Ask	Try this activity with your child to prompt him/her to engage in detailed discussions with others.	

	remarks and/or remain on topic during a group discussion.  D. acknowledge new ideas shared during a discussion and modify their own views as necessary.  E. respectfully try to communicate with audiences and/or individuals from different cultural backgrounds.	"Can you explain what you mean by that?" Build off your child's remarks with specific comments to continue the conversation. Model the use of sentence starters such as "I agree withbecause" "I also thinkis a good idea, because" D. Prompt your child to use	D. <a href="http://fileserver.net-texts.com/asset.aspx?dl=no&amp;id=118192">http://fileserver.net-texts.com/asset.aspx?dl=no&amp;id=118192</a> Help your child use these tips and strategies to engage in discussions with peers with new ideas and different viewpoints.
		knowledge gained from the discussion to modify his/her views if needed. Ask your child "Do you agree with? Why or why not?" "Do you still think? Have you developed any new understanding of this topic?" E. Model respectful communication when you and your child encounter individuals from different cultural backgrounds. Encourage interest by helping your child find books to read about different cultures.	E. http://www.childrenslibrary.org /icdl/SimpleSearchCategory?ids =86&langid=11&pnum=1&cnum =1&text=⟨=English&ilang=E nglish  Choose from a wide selection of online books about a variety of cultures. Read with your child to prompt respectful curiosity and understanding about life in other parts of the world.
Speaking and Listening Grade 7 Standard 2 (SL.7.2)	Students must be able to analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in multiple formats – including visually (e.g. poster or billboard), quantitatively (e.g. chart or table), and/or orally (e.g. read aloud or said over the	After watching a movie/TV show, listening to the radio, observing a billboard, etc, talk with your child about what information you learned. Ask questions to check for understanding	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/activities-projects/want-what-exploring-30669.html  Engage in these activities with your child to help them practice reflecting on
	radio) – and explain how the ideas clarify a particular topic, text, or	"What is the lesson/main idea that you learned from that	information presented in various formats and thinking critically.

	issue.	[show, poster, etc]?"	
	A. They must also be able to engage in problem solving — use personal experiences and knowledge of language, logic, and culture to think analytically, address problems creatively, and advocate persuasively.	"How did the [writers, speaker, artist, etc] make that lesson clear?"  "Can you summarize what you learned/heard?"  Encourage your child to engage in problem solving. As appropriate, talk through basic problems with your child without simply giving him/her a solution. Allow your child to draw conclusions, try to persuade you, and think creatively (e.g. He/she wants to watch a TV show that comes on past his/her bedtime. Engage in a conversation about how to solve that problem, advocate for each of your points, and form a compromise.)	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/encourage-higher-order-thinking-30624.html  Use this list of strategies to encourage higher order thinking and prompt your child to think of creative solutions to problems.
Speaking Listening Grade 7 Standard (SL.7.3)	speaker's argument and claims and to evaluate the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.	After listening to the radio, hearing a speech/sermon, etc with your child, ask him/her  "What was the main idea/theme? How did the speaker support his/her claim?"  "What reasons and evidence did the speaker provide to support that idea? Was there enough relevant evidence?"  "Which arguments that the author presents are most convincing? Why?"	http://www.readwritethink.org/classroom-resources/student-interactives/essay-30063.html  Guide your child in using this interactive tool to map out a speaker's argument, claims, and evidence to evaluate the soundness of the reasoning.
Speaking	and Students must be able to present	Prompt your child to tell stories	http://www.teachingthecore.com/pvleg

Listania -	alaima and findings	about his/hou our site soon of	a public appoling a construct
Listening	claims and findings coherently by	about his/her experiences and	s-public-speaking-acronym/
Grade 7	using relevant facts, details,	prompt him/her to add details,	
Standard 4	descriptions, and examples to	speak up, maintain eye contact,	Use the tips, strategies, and acronyms
(SL.7.4)	explain main ideas. They must also	and/or alter the pace as	described in this article to help your
	speak loudly with clear	necessary. Ask your child	child practice his/her speaking skills. Try
	pronunciation and appropriate eye	(() A (:          .	implementing the simple strategies at
	contact.	"Will you please tell me a bit more about that?"	home so that they become familiar to your child.
		more about that.	your crimar
		"What evidence supports that	
		idea? How?"	
		"Why do you think?"	
		, 40 704 (	
		As necessary, prompt your child	
		to slow down, speak up, etc.	
		Use the "Wh-" question words to	
		encourage him/her to add details	
		where necessary.	
Speaking and	Students must be able to clarify	Use digital media tools (iPad,	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
Listening	information and emphasize	computer, etc) to record your	afterschool-resources/activities-
Grade 7	important points in a presentation	child presenting a report. Listen	projects/mytube-make-video-public-
Standard 5	with multimedia components	to the recording together and	30157.html?main-tab=2#tabs
(SL.7.5)	and/or visual displays (e.g.	talk about clarity, speed,	
	graphics, images, music, sound).	expression, etc.	Use these tips and instructions to help
			your child prepare a clear and logical
		Supply your child with art	presentation and then record the
		supplies so that he/she can add	information to make an informational
		visual displays to the subject	video.
		he/she is writing or talking about.	
		Ask your child	
		"Will you please draw a diagram	
		to show me how that works?"	
		"What additional components	
		could you include to make your	
		presentation more interesting,	
		clear, etc?"	

Speaking and	Students must be able to adapt	Help your child find opportunities	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
Listening	their speaking to fit a variety of	to engage in a variety of speaking	afterschool-resources/tips-
Grade 7	situations and tasks and use formal	situations – speaking formally to	howtos/record-podcasts-30118.html
Standard 6	English proficiently when necessary	his/her principal, priest, etc and	
(SL.7.6)	and appropriate (See grade 7	talking more informally with	Use this resource to help your child plan
	Language standards 1 and 3 for	small groups of friends, siblings,	and organize his/her thoughts and then
	specific expectations).	etc – to allow him/her to practice	record a podcast. Listen to the
		distinguishing and alternating	recording with your child and talk about
		between contexts.	his/her speech and whether it is
			appropriate to the task and target
			audience.
			dudiciice.

LANGUAGE STANDARDS				
<b>Parent Notes</b>	Standard	What does this	What can I do at	Resources
	Code	standard mean?	home?	
	Language Skills Grade 7 Standard 1 (L.7.1)	Students must be able to use standard English grammar when speaking and writing. Specifically, they should be able to  A. explain the function of phrases and clauses (both in general and in specific sentences).  B. choose among various types of sentences – simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex – to show different relationships among ideas.  C. appropriately place phrases and clauses within a sentence.	Speak with your child in more sentences of varied structures — simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex — to model this behavior.  As necessary, offer your child immediate feedback on his/her grammar and language usage in writing and speaking. Explain mistakes and offer concrete praise for accuracy. Help guide your child to recognize errors on his/her own (e.g. "I am going to read this sentence aloud. Listen carefully and tell me if you hear a phrase or clause you think should be changed.").	A. (Appositives) https://learnzillion.com/lessons/ 5002-use-appositives-to-clarify- meaning-and-add-interest-to-a- sentence  (Absolute Phrases) https://learnzillion.com/lessons/ 5001-use-absolute-phrases-to- add-variety-and-interest  (Prepositional Phrases) https://learnzillion.com/lessons/ 5000-use-prepositional-phrases- to-convey-specific-meaning  (Adjectival Phrases) https://learnzillion.com/lessons/ 4878-identify-and-understand- how-to-use-adjectival-phrases  (Adverbial Phrases) https://learnzillion.com/lessons/ 4879-identify-and-understand- how-to-use-adverbial-phrases  Print the practice sheets. Then watch the different video lessons with your child to review the function and placements of different phrases and clauses.  B. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/ 2073-revise-by-varying- sentence-patterns

			Read the short story and watch this video with your child to help him/her learn how to revise his/her writing to vary sentence structures.  C. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4595-find-and-fix-sentences-containing-misplaced-ordangling-modifiers  Print the practice sheet. Then watch the video lesson with your child to practice identifying and correcting misplaced sentences and clauses.
Language Skills Grade 7 Standard 2 (L.7.2)	Students must be able to use standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling rules when writing. Specifically, they should be able to  A. use commas to separate coordinate adjectives.  B. spell correctly.	As necessary, offer your child immediate feedback on his/her usage of capitalization, punctuation, and spelling in his/her writing. Explain mistakes and offer concrete praise for accuracy (e.g. "Take a careful look at this sentence. Read it out loud. Do you notice anywhere you need a comma?").  When your child needs help spelling a word, do not simply tell him/her. Encourage him/her to try to spell it phonetically and then check a reference material to confirm.	A. <a href="https://learnzillion.com/lessons/5097-punctuate-coordinate-adjectives">https://learnzillion.com/lessons/5097-punctuate-coordinate-adjectives</a> Print the student practice sheet and watch the video with your child to help him/her learn how to use commas to separate coordinate adjectives.  B. <a href="http://content.scholastic.com/content/collateral_resources/pdf/36/0439504236_e009.pdf">http://content.scholastic.com/content/collateral_resources/pdf/36/0439504236_e009.pdf</a> Print this list of basic spelling rules for your child to use as a guide.
Language Skills Grade 7	Students must be able to use knowledge of language and its	Read through your child's writing with him/her. Prompt him/her to	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/2161- revise-an-argumentative-essay-for-

 Standard 3	conventions when writing,	choose more specific and precise	redundancy-and-wordiness
(L.7.3)	speaking, reading, or listening.	language.	readinatiney and wordiness
(=:: :=)	They should be able to		Use this text and video lesson to teach
	,	Encourage your child to practice	your child how to write and speak using
		writing in many different	precise language and avoiding
	A. choose language that	contexts (e.g. a postcard from	redundancy.
	expresses ideas in a precise	vacation, letters to faraway	
	and concise way. They	relatives, short reminder notes	
	should be able to recognize	on Post-its). Prompt him/her to	
	and eliminate wordiness	communicate his/her message as	
	and redundancy.	concisely and precisely as	
		possible.	
Language	Students must be able to deduce	When your child needs help	A. <a href="http://www.k12reader.com/wor">http://www.k12reader.com/wor</a>
Skills Grade 7	the meaning of unfamiliar or	determining the meaning, part of	ksheet/look-around-meaning-in-
Standard 4	multiple-meaning words using a	speech, and/or pronunciation of	context/
(L.7.4)	variety of strategies from seventh grade level content. Specifically,	an unfamiliar word, do not simply tell him/her. Ask him/her	Print this activity sheet for your
	they should be able to	ten minyher. Ask minyher	child to use to practice using
	they should be able to	"What does that word mean in	context to figure out the
		the sentence?"	meaning of a word or phrase.
	A. use the context of a	the semence.	meaning of a word of pinase.
	passage or sentence to	"Do you think that is exactly what	B. http://www.readwritethink.org/
	figure out the meaning of	that word/ phrase means, or do	classroom-resources/student-
	an unfamiliar word or	you think the author might be	interactives/flip-chip-
	phrase.	trying to say something else?"	<u>30031.html</u>
	B. figure out the meaning of a		
	word based on the use of	"What do you think that word	Help your child engage in this
	common, grade-	might mean based on the rest of	interactive activity to explore
	appropriate affixes and roots (e.g. <i>bel</i> ligerent,	the paragraph?"	common affixes and root words.
	bellicose, rebel).	(64.1)	0 / 5 / 111 //
	C. use available resources	"What other words do you know	C. / D. http://www.merriam-
	(e.g. dictionaries,	that have the same affix?"	webster.com/
	glossaries, thesauruses –	If necessary provide him/her with	Help your child use this
	both print and online) to	a children's dictionary and/or	reference site to find the
	determine the	other resources to clarify or	definitions, synonyms, parts of
	pronunciation, part of	confirm the precise definition	speech, and pronunciation of
	speech, and/or precise	and/or pronunciation.	new words he/she encounters.
	meaning of unfamiliar	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	words and/or phrases.		

	D. make a preliminary guess about a word's meaning and confirm it by checking a reference material.		
Language Skills Grad Standard 5 (L.7.5)	Students must be able to recognize and understand figurative language, relationships between words and meanings, and nuances in meanings. Specifically, they should be able to  A. interpret figures of speech — including literary, biblical, and mythological allusions — in context.  B. use the relationships between words (e.g. synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each word.  C. distinguish among the connotations of words with similar definitions (e.g. refined, respectful, polite, condescending).	Introduce new words and phrases in context when talking to your child. Incorporate nonliteral meanings of words and phrases and explain the alternate meanings to your child.  When reading and/or speaking with your child, intentionally point out the use of language nuances. Ask your child  "What do you think the speaker is talking about when he/she says? Why?"  "If the author had described this character as [condescending] instead of [refined], how would that change this passage and your understanding of the character?"	A. https://learnzillion.com/lessons ets/118-reading-and- understanding-idioms  Watch the video lessons to review common figures of speech.  B. http://www.k12reader.com/wor ksheet/using-antonyms-for- context-clues/  Print this activity sheet for your child to complete to practice using word relationships to figure out meaning.  C. http://www.readwritethink.org/ classroom-resources/student- interactives/word-matrix- 30071.html  Guide your child in using this interactive tool to sort words with similar definitions based on the connotations.

Lagrica	Ctudents must be able to leave	Dramat vous child to use save	http://www.languaged.edu/staff/ianaas
Languag		Prompt your child to use new	http://www.longwood.edu/staff/jonesc
Skills Gr		vocabulary when he/she speaks	d/projects/educ530/aboxley/pdffiles/2.
Standar	, , ,	or writes. Ask him/her	<u>pdf</u>
(L.7.6)	vocabulary words and phrases –		
	both general terms that appear	"Do you remember another word	Print copies of this graphic organizer for
	across academic subjects and	that means?"	your child to fill in with new words
	vocabulary specific to particular		he/she learns.
	topics studied. They should be able	"How do you feel when?"	
	to gather word knowledge when		
	needing a word is important for	Encourage your child to use	
	comprehension or expression.	precise language when he/she	
		speaks (e.g. "The boy told his dad	
		that he was bored" versus "The	
		boy whined to his dad that he	
		was bored").	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	