Archdiocese of New York Grade 5 English Language Arts Parent Matrix

This parent matrix is intended to be a tool for you as a parent to help support your child's learning. The table below contains all of the Grade 5 English Language Arts learning standards. Learning standards describe the knowledge and skills that students should master by the end of Grade 5. Each standard has a specific code. For example, RL.5.1 stands for "Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 1." You will often see these standards referenced on your child's quizzes, worksheets, tests, etc.

You should access the recommended resources in the right hand "Resources" column electronically by clicking on the hyperlinks provided. *However, we suggest* that you also download and print this matrix. You will notice that the column all the way to the left is marked "Parent Notes." You can use this column to take notes on your child's progress. You may wish to check off each standard after you have worked on it with your child.

In English Language Arts, there are six main categories of standards. These include Reading Standards for Literature, Reading Standards for Informational Texts, Foundational Reading Skills, Writing Standards, Speaking & Listening Standards, and Language Standards. Each category is highlighted in a different color. In class, students will typically work on standards from multiple categories at one time. *Your child's teacher will be able to tell you which standards you should focus on with your child throughout the year.*

We hope that this parent matrix is a valuable resource for you. If you find that you would like additional practice materials to work on you can use the standard codes provided below to search for additional resources.

Reading for Literature	Reading for Informational Text	Foundational Reading Skills	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language
These standards pertain	These standards pertain	These standards focus	These standards pertain	These standards require	These standards focus
to students' ability to	to students' ability to	on the development of	to students' ability to	students to be able to	on students' ability to
read and analyze	read and examine the	basic skills such as	use their expanding	express their thoughts,	master standard English
different types of	claims and evidence	understanding print and	vocabularies and	feelings, and ideas	grammar, conventions,
literature, such as poetry,	presented in nonfiction	letter sounds that	command of standard	clearly, adhere to	usage, capitalization,
prose, and drama.	texts such as textbooks,	students will need to	English to write	conversational norms,	punctuation, spelling,
	magazine articles,	become proficient	organized writing pieces	and appropriately apply	and word relationships
	biographies, and	readers.	for a range of audiences	formal and informal	when writing and
	manuals.		and tasks.	English to different	speaking.
				situations.	

		READING STAND	ARDS FOR LITERATURE	
Parent Notes	Standard Code	What does this standard mean?	What can I do at home?	Resources
	Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 1 (RL.5.1)	Students must be able to accurately quote from a text and explicitly refer to examples, etc to support their responses to a reading.	Ask your child "Can you tell my why you think?" "What examples, points, etc from the text support that idea?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4907-inferring-character-relationships Read the fable with your child. Then watch the video lesson to practice referring explicitly to the text.
	Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 2 (RL.5.2)	Students must be able to explain the theme and provide a summary of a story, play, or poem.	Ask your child "What is theme of that story, fable, etc.? How did the author make that lesson clear in the story?" "What was this story, play, etc about? Can you summarize it from beginning to end?" "How did the characters solve the main problem/challenge in this story?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4578- determine-how-the-author-tells-you-the- theme-of-a-story Read the text with your child. Then watch the video to review how to identify the theme of a story.
	Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 3 (RL.5.3)	Students must be able to explicitly refer to specific details in a text (e.g., how characters interact) as they identify the similarities and differences between two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama.	Ask your child "How are [these two characters, settings, or events] similar? How are they different?" "What examples from the text show that [these two characters, settings, or events] are similar? And different?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4908-identifying-change-in-character-relationships Read the text with your child. Then watch the video to help him/her learn how to examine character interactions.
	Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 4 (RL.5.4)	Students must be able to figure out the meaning of unfamiliar words and phrases, including figurative language – similes and metaphors.	Ask your child "What does that word mean in the sentence?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4244- determine-the-meaning-of-a-word Read the text with your child and then watch the video lesson to review how to use

		"Do you think that is exactly what that word/ phrase means, or do you think the author might be trying to say something else?" "What do you think that word might mean based on the rest of the sentence?"	context clues to determine the meanings of unknown words.
Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 5 (RL.5.5)	Students must be able to describe how chapters, scenes, or stanzas fit together in the overall structure of a story, drama, or poem.	Ask your child "How is this text organized?" "What elements of the text gave you clues that this is a [drama, poem, etc]?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4909- identifying-how-characters-respond-to- challenges Read the fable with your child. Then watch the video lesson with him/her to practice identifying patterns in a text.
Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 6 (RL.5.6)	Students must be able to identify a narrator's point of view and describe how it affects the event in the text. A. They should also be able to recognize the author's point of view and explain how his/her background and culture affects his/her perspective.	Ask your child "Who is telling the story? How do you know?" "Can you tell what the narrator is thinking and/or feeling? How can you tell? How do you think this is impacting the events of the story?" "Did you read the author's biography at the back of the book? What do you know about him/her? How do you think this impacted the events of the story?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4575- determine-how-the-author-influences-what- you-know-in-a-story Read the text with your child. Then watch the video lesson to review how the point of view of a text influences what you know.
Reading for Literature Grade 5 Standard 7 (RL.5.7)	Students must be able to examine features that are shown and/or heard and explain how these multimedia elements add to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).	Ask your child "How do the illustrations impact the mood/tone of this story?" "How did this video help you to understand the text better?	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4573- understand-the-setting-of-a-story Read the short story with your child. Then watch the video to practice analyzing visual elements to examine their effects on the setting.

Reading for	Students must be able to identify	Ask your child	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/gra
Literature	the similarities and differences in	/ tok your ermain	de5/readingliterature/9/3froglake.pdf
Grade 5	the approaches to similar themes	"When you read [these books] in	<u>accy, caam, ance, acam, cy cy con cy, ance, par.</u>
Standard 9	and/or topics among stories in the	[this genre], what happened to the	Print the packet. Read the stories with your
(RL.5.9)	same genre (e.g., mysteries and	characters that is similar? What	child and help him/her compare and
` '	adventure stories).	happened that is different?"	contrast the two stories to answer the
	,		questions.
		"When you read [these books] in	·
		[this genre], what was similar/the	
		same about the settings, events,	
		plots, etc? And different?"	
Reading for	By the end of the year, students	When you help your child pick out	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1825-read-
Literature	should be able to read and	books, make sure that the books and	a-poem-out-loud
Grade 5	understand grade-level literature –	stories he/she is reading are on the	
Standard 10	including stories, dramas, and	5 th grade level. If you are not sure	Read the poem with your child. Then watch
(RL.5.10)	poetry – when working	what reading level a particular work	the video with him/her to practice reading
	independently.	is, look in the front cover or ask a	poetry independently.
		librarian or teacher to help you.	
		Encourage your child to read	
		independently frequently.	
		macpenaenti, mequenti,	
		Set aside a daily reading time in your	
		household.	
		Model independent reading by	
		reading your own book while your	
		child is reading.	

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Reading for	Students must be able to identify,	Ask your child	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
Literature	interpret, and draw connections		afterschool-resources/tips-howtos/help-
Grade 5	between the different types of	"Can you connect this book to	child-choose-book-30320.html
Standard 11	literature they read. They also must	anything else you've read, learned	
(RL.5.11)	be able to make connections from	about in another class, experienced	Use these tips to help your child choose
	what they read to other texts,	in your own life, etc? What is the	appropriate books to read.
	cultural perspectives, eras, and their	connection between those two	
	own lives.	things?"	
		"Does remind you of anything	
	A. Students should be able to	in your own life? How? Why?"	
	choose texts for themselves	In your own me: now: wmy:	
	to read based on authors	Take your child to visit the local	
	they recognize and enjoy.		
	B. Students must be able to	library and allow him/her to choose	
	use given criteria to sort,	books for him-/herself. Check that	
	select, and assess texts to	he/she is choosing texts at an	
	-	appropriate reading level.	
	make informed judgments		
	about the quality of a piece.		

Parent	Standard	What does this standard	What can I do at home?	Resources
Notes	Code	mean?		
	Reading for Informational Text Grade 5 Standard 1 (RI.5.1)	Students must be able to accurately quote from a text and explicitly refer to examples, etc to support their responses to and make inferences about a reading.	Ask your child "Can you tell my why you think?" "What examples, points, etc from the text support that idea?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/5014-comprehension-skill-video-what-s-for-lunchday-1 Read the text with your child. Then watch the video to review how to refer to key words in a text to answer questions.
	Reading for Informational Text Grade 5 Standard 2 (RI.5.2)	Students must be able to identify at least two main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details. They should also be able to summarize a text.	Ask your child "What is this article mainly about? Can you identify two or more main ideas?" "What are some details from the article that show that is the main topic?" "In a few sentences, can you give me a summary of the key points of this text?"	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/3870-explain-how-main-ideas-are-supported-by-key-details Read the text with your child. Then watch the lesson to help him/her learn to explain how main ideas are supported by key details.
	Reading for Informational Text Grade 5 Standard 3 (RI.5.3)	Students must be able to describe the connections between historical events, scientific concepts, and/or steps of a technical procedure with references to a text to support their explanations.	Ask your child "What happened first? What happened after that? And so on" "Did cause?" "How are these events, ideas, etc connected to each other?" "What was the effect of? Where in the text did you find information to support that idea?" Seek out historical and scientific	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/5018-comprehension-skill-video-what-s-for-lunchday-5 Read the text with your child and then watch the video lesson together to help him/her practice connecting a main idea with details.

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		articles to read with your child.	
		Consider subscribing to a kids'	
		magazine through Scholastic, TIME	
		for Kids, National Geographic for	
		Kids, or another publishing	
ļ		company.	10 10 10
Reading for	Students must be able to use	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/3868-use-a-
Informational	context clues to figure out the		<u>chart-to-determine-the-meaning-of-new-</u>
Text Grade 5	meaning of both new general	"What does that word mean in the	<u>words</u>
Standard 4	academic and content-specific	sentence?"	
(RI.5.4)	vocabulary (words related to grade		Read the text with your child. Then watch
	5 studies in science, history, etc.).	"What do you think that word	the video to help him/her learn how to
		might mean based on the rest of	determine the meaning of unfamiliar words.
		the sentence?"	
Reading for	Students must be able to compare	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1782-
Informational	and contrast the overall structure		<u>determining-author-s-purpose</u>
Text Grade 5	(e.g., chronology, comparison,	"How is this text organized? How is	
Standard 5	cause/effect, problem/solution) of	[another text] similar and/or	Read the article with your child. Then watch
(RI.5.5)	events, ideas, concepts, or	different?"	the video together to help him/her evaluate
	information in two or more texts.		text structure.
		"What features of this text helped	
		you to find the key information?"	
		,	
		"What do you think the author	
		wants the readers to understand?"	
Reading for	Students must be able to examine	Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/3707-
Informational	what is the same and what is	, i.s., , c.a., c.i.i.a.i.i	analyze-multiple-points-of-view
Text Grade 5	different about multiple	"What is the main idea/argument	analyze maniple points or view
Standard 6	perspectives of a single event or	of [this perspective]? What is the	Read the text with your child. Then watch
(RI.5.6)	topic presented in a text and	same/different about [a different	the video to practice analyzing different
(111.5.0)	identify the point of view of each.	perspective]?"	points of view.
	dentity the point of view of each.	perspective]:	points of view.
		"What do you think is similar about	
		what the authors want you to	
		understand? What is different?"	
		understand: What is unferent!	
		"How is the information procented	
		"How is the information presented	
		for each perspective?"	

Reading for	Students must be able to efficiently	Ask your child	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/gra
Informational	gather information from multiple		de5/readinginfo/7/3state.pdf
Text Grade 5	media sources to answer a question	"What does that map/ illustration/	
Standard 7	or solve a problem.	diagram show you about [this	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/be
(RI.5.7)		topic]?"	st/grade5/readinginfo/7/12olympic.pdf
		When reading a textbook or article	Print the worksheets for your child to
		with your child, stop as you	complete.
		encounter pictures, maps, and	
		charts to look at them and examine	
		their connection to what you are	
Reading for	Students must be able to describe	reading. Ask your child	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/5017-
Informational	how an author uses proof,	Ask your critic	comprehension-skill-video-what-s-for-lunch-
Text Grade 5	examples, etc to support different	"Why does the author	day-4
Standard 8	points in a text.	argue/think?"	
(RI.5.8)			Read the article with your child. Then watch
		"What reasons does the author	the video lesson to review how an author
		give to support his/her thinking	uses evidence to support a claim.
- u c		about?"	
Reading for Informational	Students must be able to apply and	Ask your child	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/gra
Text Grade 5	combine information from multiple texts about the same subject to	"What is similar about these texts	de5/readinginfo/9/1multplesour.pdf
Standard 9	form their own knowledgeable	and the points they raise?"	Print this graphic organizer to help your
(RI.5.9)	written or oral responses to or	and the points they raise.	child with his/her research using multiple
,	reports on a topic.	Assist your child in taking notes on	sources.
		a single topic from multiple texts.	
		Ask him/her	
		(()A)h	
		"What are the most important information, main ideas, key	
		details, etc from each text?"	
		details, etc from eden text;	
		"How can you categorize/group the	
		different facts, details, and pieces	
		of evidence you are gathering from	
		these texts?"	
		of evidence you are gathering from these texts?"	

Reading for	By the end of the year, students	Spend time reading social studies	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1777-
Informational	should be able to read and	and science textbooks and articles	<u>preview-a-nonfiction-article</u>
Text Grade 5	understand grade-level social	with your child.	
Standard 10	studies and science textbooks and		Read the article with your child. Then watch
(RI.5.10)	other articles in these subject areas.	Consider subscribing to a kids'	the video to help him/her learn how to
		magazine through <u>Scholastic</u> , <u>TIME</u>	better prepare for reading non-fiction texts.
		for Kids, National Geographic for	
		<u>Kids</u> , or another publishing	
		company.	
		Encourage your child to read	
		independently frequently.	
		Cat acido a deilu usa disatina i	
		Set aside a daily reading time in	
		your household.	
		Model reading informational texts	
		independently by reading	
		newspapers and other articles	
		while your child reads his/her	
		textbook or another informational	
		text.	
		Conti	

		READING STANDAR	DS: FOUNDATIONAL SKILL	S
Parent Notes	Standard Code	What does this standard mean?	What can I do at home?	Resources
	Foundational Reading Skills Grade 5 Standard 3 (RF.5.3)	Students must be able to use grade-appropriate strategies and their knowledge of letter sounds, syllables, root words, and affixes to make sense of unfamiliar multisyllabic words they encounter both in and out of context.	Ask your child: "Do you see any words that have a prefix/ suffix in this sentence? What does that prefix/ suffix mean?" "If we were to add the suffix (-able, -ify, etc.) to that word, how would that change the meaning of the word?" "Does this word look like?" Help your child break up multisyllabic words into syllables. Pay attention to multisyllabic words your child is struggling with when reading out loud. Stop your child from reading and help him identify the different syllables. Use lists of grade-level words and quiz your child on those words, particularly words that are spelled differently than they sound. Your child's teacher should be able to provide you with these lists.	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=H2Z4p Oau1yk Watch this video with your child to further familiarize him/her with common affixes. http://www.fcrr.org/studentactivities/F_008 c.pdf Print the cards to try this activity with your child to increase fluency. http://www.fcrr.org/studentactivities/AP_0 08.pdf Print the game board and cut out the cards to try this syllable activity with your child.

Foundational Reading Skills Grade 5 Standard 4 (RF.5.4) Students must be able to read with enough accuracy and fluency so that they understand what they are reading. Often, if students are struggling to pronounce words or read fluency, they do not understand what they read. A student who comprehends what he reads will:

- A. read a grade-level text and understand why he/she is reading it and what it means.
- B. read both prose and poems out loud with accuracy, appropriate speed, and in an expressive manner. Students will be able to do this multiple times without a problem.
- C. use clues in the surrounding sentences to understand words they might be familiar with. This might require that students go back and reread certain parts of a text.

Practice reading prose and poetry out loud with your child. Provide your child with feedback. For example, "It seems you are reading a bit slow in this part of the poem," or, "Can you show more excitement when you read this line?"

Allow your child to read the same book(s) to you often, so that he can see how much he is improving.

Remind your child to reread when what he/she read does not make sense.

Help your child look for clues to help him/her understand new words. Do not just tell him/her what the word means. Discover the meaning together. A. http://www.readingrockets.org/artic le/reading-meaning-your-child

Use the strategies described in this article to help your child find texts at appropriate levels and read for meaning.

http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/readfoundation/2/3.pdf

Print this article for your child to use for practice.

B. http://www.fcrr.org/studentactivitie s/F 014c.pdf

> http://www.fcrr.org/studentactivitie s/F 020c.pdf

Choose passages from familiar books, poems, etc to try these activities with your child.

C. http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/readfoundation/4/1.pd f

http://www.englishworksheetsland. com/best/grade5/readfoundation/4 /14.pdf

Print these reading passages. Encourage your child to read carefully and use context clues to determine the meanings of the indicated words.

WRITING STANDARDS					
Parent Notes	Standard Code	What does this standard mean?	What can I do at home?	Resources	
	Writing Grade 5 Standard 1 (W.5.1)	Students must be able to express and back up their own opinions in writing. They must be able to: A. Introduce the topic or text they are writing about, state their opinions on the topic, and organize their argument by linking related ideas together logically. B. In a logical order, provide reasons expanded by details and facts to support their argument. C. Use words, phrases, and clauses such as "consequently" and "specifically" to connect opinion and reasons. D. End their argument with a conclusion that ties everything together.	Encourage your child to write opinion pieces about books he/she reads or other ideas you discuss at home. Before your child writes his/her opinion piece, help him/her organize his work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Ask your child to identify his/her introduction, reasons, and conclusions. If he/she did not include all of these components, help him/her edit his/her writing to include all of these components.	A. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/42/5-write-a-convincing-claim Read the text. Then watch this video with your child to help him/her construct a strong introduction to an opinion piece. B. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/42/7-plan-logically-ordered-thoughts-with-text-support Watch this video with your child to review with him/her how to use reasons to support an opinion in a logical order. C. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/42/8-link-opinions-and-reasons-with-phrases-and-clauses Use this video to help your child review how to link opinions and reasons in an opinion piece. D. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/42/0-use-a-quotation-to-write-a-strong conclusion Watch this video with your child to assist him/her in concluding an opinion piece.	

Writing	Students must be able to clearly	Encourage your child to write	Α.	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/476
Grade 5	explain a topic and convey	informative pieces about books	_	-write-an-introduction-to-a-
Standard 2	information in writing. They must be	he/she reads or other ideas you	<u>(</u>	constructed-response
(W.5.2)	able to:	discuss at home. Before your child		
		writes his/her informative piece,		
		help him/her organize his/her work		Read the text. Then watch this
	A. Introduce the topic they are	by brainstorming and writing down		video with your child to help
	writing about, provide a	some ideas first. Ask your child to		him/her practice how to write a
	general observation and	identify his/her topic, facts and	9	strong introduction.
	focus, and organize the	definitions, and conclusions. If		
	information by linking	he/she did not include all of these		https://learnzillion.com/lessons/477
	related pieces of	components, help him/her edit		-organize-ideas-and-evidence-for-
	information logically and	his/her writing to include all of	_	responding-to-a-constructed-
	including headings,	these components.	1	<u>response</u>
	illustrations, and multimedia			
	as necessary for		,	Watch this video with your child to
	comprehension.			learn how to better organize
	B. Provide more detail –			evidence.
	including facts, definitions,		`	evidence.
	examples, and quotations as		C.	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/479
	necessary.			-revise-a-constructed-response-
	C. Use words such as "in			using-transition-and-wow-words
	contrast" and "especially" to		2	daing transition and wow words
	connect facts within and			
	across groups of		1	Watch this video with your child to
	information.		ŀ	help him/her learn how to use
	D. Use precise language and		t	transition words.
	vocabulary specific to the			
	topic.		D.	http://www.englishworksheetsland.
	E. End their explanation with a conclusion that ties		<u>(</u>	com/best/grade5/writing/8/8forsale
				<u>pdf</u>
	everything together.			
				http://www.englishworksheetsland.
			<u>(</u>	com/grade5/writing/8/1farmers.pdf
			ſ	Print these worksheets for your
			(child to use to practice using specific
			I	anguage.

Writing	Students must be able to describe a	Encourage your child to write	А.	
Grade 5 Standard 3 (W.5.3)	sequence of events or experiences to write a real or imagined narrative in writing. They must be able to: A. Introduce the narrative and the narrator and/or characters and organize a natural sequence of events. B. Include dialogue, detailed descriptions, and pacing to show and describe the feelings, thoughts, and actions of the characters and to develop experiences. C. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to move along the sequence of events. D. Use specific and vivid words and phrases and sensory details to describe experiences and events precisely. E. End their narrative with a conclusion that ties everything together.	narrative pieces about books he/she reads or other events he/she experiences. Before your child writes his/her narrative piece, help him/her organize his/her work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Ask your child to identify his/her event/sequence of events in order, details and thoughts, and conclusions. If he/she did not include all of these components, help him/her edit his/her writing to include all of these components.	B. C.	A-organize-a-narrative-short-story Read the text. Then use this video to help your child review how to organize a narrative writing. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/425 5-draft-a-short-story-using-pacing Watch this video with your child to help him/her learn how to use pacing to develop a narrative. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/425 7-revise-using-transitions Watch this video with your child to help him/her include transition words and phrases in his/her narrative writing. http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/writing/13/3colorful.pdf http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/writing/13/2moods.pdf

				Print these worksheets for your child to use to practice using vivid language to engage readers. E. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4256-conclude-a-short-story-by-choosing-the-best-of-several-possible-endings
				Together with your child, watch this video to review how to write conclusions to narratives.
Grad	nde 5 ndard 4 .5.4)	Students must be able to write pieces that are clearly organized, written coherently, and focused appropriately on a given assignment as described above in standards 1-3 (e.g. opinion piece, informative text). A. They should also be able to create text (print or nonprint) that explores different cultures and perspectives.	Encourage your child to write different pieces about books he/she reads, ideas, or other events he/she experience and/or prompt him/her to produce text about other cultures and perspectives. Before your child writes his/her piece, help him/her organize his/her work by brainstorming and writing down some ideas first. Either give your child a specific assignment or ask your child to identify his/her purpose for writing — to argue a point (opinion piece), to inform (explanatory piece), or to tell a story (narrative). Refer to the specific expectations for each type — explained above in standards 1-3 — to ensure your child includes all necessary elements. If he/she did not include all of these components, help him/her edit his/her writing to include all of these components.	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4251-edit-an-opinion-piece-for-logical-order Read the article. Then watch the video with your child to help him/her practice editing a piece of writing to meet the purpose and task of an assignment.

from an adult, students must be able to use technology – including the internet – to write and create their own texts electronically and interact/collaborate with others. They should be able to type at least two pages in a single sitting. From an adult, students must be able to use technology – including the internet – to write and create their own texts electronically and interact/collaborate with others. They should be able to type at least two pages in a single sitting. From an adult, students must be able to use technology – including the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Encourage your child to type his/her stories, etc into Word to practice his/her keyboarding skills. Page 19 A det co write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the internet – to write and illustrate stories and texts digitally. Interpretation of the interpretation	Writing Grade 5 Standard 5 (W.5.5)	With some promoting and guidance from an adult and/or peers, students must be able to strengthen their writing by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, and/or trying a new approach.	When your child writes, ask questions (who, what, when where, why, how) to encourage him/her to add more detail and/or clarity "Can you tell me more about?" "What do you mean by?" Encourage your child to reread his/her written pieces to check carefully for mistakes in grammar, spelling, and/or punctuation and places where he/she can change words or sentences to strengthen the writing.	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/395-revise-paragraph-order-in-a-persuasive-letter Watch this video lesson with your child to help him/her better understand how to strengthen a piece of writing by revising the order.
Writing Students must be able to use Visit the local library or use a https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1204-	Standard 6	able to use technology – including the internet – to write and create their own texts electronically and interact/collaborate with others. They should be able to type at least	stories and texts digitally. Encourage your child to type his/her stories, etc into Word to	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/games-tools/theme-poems-a-30871.html http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-afterschool-resources/games-tools/diamante-poems-a-30185.html Help your child use these interactive tools to write stories and poems digitally. http://www.abcya.com/keyboard_invasion.htm Use this game to help your child practice
Grade 5 multiple sources to do research standard 7 focused on a particular topic in detail and write about the computer at home to assist your spend generate-research-questions child in simple research about a topic in which he/she is interested.	Grade 5 Standard 7	multiple sources to do research focused on a particular topic in	computer at home to assist your child in simple research about a	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1204- generate-research-questions

	information they learn.	Help him/her to formulate a research question about the topic around which to focus his/her research. Encourage your child to write about what he/she learned.	simplify-research-notes Read the articles and watch the video lessons with your child to help him/her practice planning research and simplifying notes.
Writing Grade 5 Standard 8 (W.5.8)	Students must be able to choose and apply related information from their own experiences and/or learned from both print and digital sources to answer questions. They should be able to take paraphrased notes on the information they gather from different sources, organize these notes, and keep a list of the sources they use.	When your child demonstrates curiosity about a topic, help him/her find books and online sources related to the topic that can answer his/her questions. Before beginning the research, work together to brainstorm a few categories of information into which your child can sort the information he/she finds. Encourage him/her to write about what he/she learned and list the sources used.	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/best/grade5/writing/19/6fishing.pdf Print this graphic organizer for your child to use to take notes and record his/her sources while researching a topic. http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/best/grade5/writing/19/8paraph.pdf Print this worksheet as a guide for your child to help him/her practice paraphrasing a passage.
Writing Grade 5 Standard 9 (W.5.9)	Students must be able to use grade- appropriate strategies for reading literacy and informational texts as they conduct research and write responses to texts. Specifically, they should be able to	As you assist your child in conducting researching and preparing to write, ask him/her "What is the lesson that you learned from or theme of that story, poem, etc.?"	A. http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/writing/20/4compare.pdf http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/best/grade5/writing/20/10storyevent.pdf
	A. (Literary Texts) make specific references to the text when answering questions, comparing and contrasting two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama,	"How did the author make that lesson clear in the story?" "Where does the story take place? What does that place look, feel, sound, etc like?"	Print these graphic organizers for your child to use to analyze events, settings, and characters when answering questions and/r comparing and contrasting two elements of a text.
	examining a theme, and/or describing the point of view of the narrator. B. (Informational Texts) draw information from various features of texts (e.g. text,	"What is similar about these two texts and the points they raise?" Assist your child in taking notes on a single topic from multiple texts. Ask him/her	B. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/4223-find-evidence-to-counter-objections-to-your-opinion Read the article with your child. Then watch this video together to

	diagrams) to summarize the text, to explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s], to explain the connections between two or more individuals, events, or	"What are the most important information, main ideas, key details, etc from each text?"	help him/her practice finding evidence to support or refute an argument.
	ideas, and to analyze multiple accounts. (Refer to <i>Grade 5 Reading Standards</i> – listed above – for further detail about the expectations for literary and informational texts.)		
Writing Grade 5 Standard 10 (W.5.10)	Students must be able to regularly write for both extended (multiple occasions focused on same topic and piece) and shorter periods of time for a variety of purposes and audiences.	Provide your child with ample opportunities to engage in writing projects that range across a wide variety of purposes and audiences. Write short letters/notes to mail to friends and relatives, create longer and shorter narrative stories to share with younger siblings, and engage in longer-term research projects. Sit with your child and write your own letters, stories, etc to model focused behavior while you are working. Engage in research and writing projects with your child that extend over a period of multiple days	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/898- identify-what-a-writing-prompt-is-asking- using-key-words Read the text with your child. Then watch the video lesson together to help him/her review how to break down a writing prompt in order to figure out what to write.
		and/or weeks. Help your child choose a topic together, conduct research in books and online, and write about what he/she learned.	

 _			
Writing	Students must be able to creatively	Talk with your child about what	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
Grade 5	communicate their personal	he/she is studying in school. Then	afterschool-resources/activities-
Standard 11	reactions to or feelings about an	help him/her to use pencils, a	projects/make-mystery-puzzle-
(W.5.11)	author or topic they have read	computer, markers, paint, etc to	30146.html?main-tab=2#tabs
	about through a poem, story, play,	write and/or draw a response to	
	artwork, etc.	the author or theme. Give your	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
	,	child an opportunity to present	afterschool-resources/activities-
		his/her creation to your family,	projects/poetic-memories-summer-
	A. Recognize and illustrate	neighbors, etc.	30862.html?main-tab=2#tabs
	social, historical, and		<u> </u>
	cultural features in the		Help your child use this creative tools and
	presentation of literary		ideas to respond to a text, author, and/or
	texts.		topic he/she has read.
			topic fie/sfie fias read.

Parent	Standard	What does this standard	What can I do at home?	Resources
Notes	Code	mean?		
		23 1		
	Speaking and Listening Grade 5 Standard 1 (SL.5.1)	Students must be able to respectfully engage in one-on-one and group conversations with a diverse group of individuals about age-appropriate topics and texts. Specifically, they should be able to A. be ready to discuss and	A. Choose books, articles, or other texts for you and your child to both read independently. Then engage in explicit conversations about what you have read. Encourage your child to refer explicitly to the texts and anything	A. html?main-tab=2#tabs Gather a small group of family members and/or friends and try the activity.
		share thoughts and/or questions about assigned materials with specific references to required reading and other information (e.g. read an assigned text and be able to have a discussion with classmates about their opinions and questions with	else he/she knows about that topic during your conversations (e.g. "On page 14, he says;" "I saw a TV episode about this that said"). B. Engage in a variety of conversations – one-on- one in the car, whole group over the dinner table, etc –	B. http://www.edutopia.org/blog/teahing-your-students-conversation-allen-mendler Refer to this list of tips and strategies to help guide your child adhering to conversational norms.
		explicit mention of information and words from the text). B. follow appropriate conversational norms – waiting for a turn to speak,	with your child. Model how to listen respectfully – looking at the speaker and not interrupting – and how to stay focused on the	C. http://www.edutopia.org/blog/fiv-powerful-questions-teachers-ask-students-rebecca-alber
		appropriately taking a turn, staying on topic etc – and carry out assigned rules – participant, leader, observer, etc.	topic of conversation. Encourage your child to do the same. C. When speaking with your child, ask for clarification	Use this list as a guide for asking your child questions that will prompt him/her to engage in a discussion.
		C. ask and respond to specific questions to participate and elaborate on others' remarks during a group	when necessary and encourage him/her to do the same. Ask "Can you explain what you mean by that?"	D. http://www.readwritethink.org/paent-afterschool-resources/activities-projects/creating-family-timelines-afterschool-resources/activities-afterschool-reso

- discussion.

 D. refer to and incorporate information and knowledge gained from a discussion in order to review key ideas and draw conclusions.

 E. respectfully try to communicate with people from different cultural backgrounds.
- F. engage in problem solving use personal experiences and knowledge of language, logic, and culture to think analytically, address problems creatively, and advocate persuasively.
- "Do you understand what I am talking about?"
 Build off your child's remarks with specific comments to continue the conversation. Model the use of sentence starters such as...
- "I agree with...because..."
 "I also think...is a good idea, because..."
- D. Ask your child to draw conclusions from your conversations and prompt him/her to use knowledge gained from the discussion. Ask your child...
 "Do you agree with...?
 Why or why not?"
 "What did you think of...?
 Can you give an example or reason for that?"
- E. Model respectful communication when you and your child encounter individuals from different cultural backgrounds.
 Encourage interest by helping your child find books to read about different cultures.
- F. Encourage your child to engage in problem solving. As appropriate, talk through basic problems with your child without simply giving him/her a solution. Allow your child to draw conclusions, try to persuade you, and think

- Help your child practice using conversational skills as he/she interviews family members.
- E. http://www.childrenslibrary.org/icdl//SimpleSearchCategory?ids=86&langid=11&pnum=1&cnum=1&text=&lang=English&ilang=English
 - Choose from a wide selection of online books about a variety of cultures. Read with your child to prompt respectful curiosity and understanding about life in other parts of the world.
- - Use this list of strategies to encourage higher order thinking and prompt your child to think of creative solutions to problems.

Speaking and Listening Grade 5 Standard 2 (SL.5.2)	Students must be able to summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in multiple formats – including visually (e.g. poster or billboard), quantitatively (e.g. chart or table), and/or orally (e.g. read aloud or said over the radio).	creatively (e.g. He/she wants to watch a TV show that comes on past his/her bedtime. Engage in a conversation about how to solve that problem, advocate for each of your points, and form a compromise.) After watching a movie/TV show, listening to the radio, observing a billboard, etc, talk with your child about what information you learned. Ask questions to check for understanding "What is the lesson/main idea that you learned from that [show, poster, etc]?" "How did the [writers, speaker, artist, etc] make that lesson clear?" "Can you summarize what you	https://www.mheonline.com/ccssehandbook/grade5/pdf/ccslhg5sl5lblink12.pdf https://www.mheonline.com/ccssehandbook/grade5/pdf/ccslhg5sl5lblink13.pdf Print these worksheets to try these summarizing activities with your child.
Speaking and Listening Grade 5 Standard 3 (SL.5.3)	While and after listening to information present orally, students must be able to summarize the main points and explain the supporting reasons and evidence that the speaker provided for each claim.	learned/heard?" After listening to the radio, hearing a speech/sermon, etc with your child, ask him/her "Can you summarize what you learned/heard?" "What was the main idea/theme?"	https://www.mheonline.com/ccssehandbook/grade5/pdf/ccslhg5sl5lblink22.pdf Print this page to use as a guide for trying this acitivity with your child. You can repeat the activity using a variety of topics.
Speaking and Listening Grade 5	Students must be able to speak loudly, clearly, and at a appropriate pace to present a report on a	"What reasons and evidence did the speaker provide to support that idea?" Prompt your child to tell stories about his/her experiences and prompt him/her to add details,	https://learnzillion.com/lessons/1613-deliver-a-persuasive-speech-to-an-audience

Standard 4 (SL.5.4)	topic/text and/or a personal opinion in an organized and coherent manner with relevant details, facts, and descriptions	speak up, and/or alter the pace as necessary. Ask your child "What did you learn on your field trip to the museum?" "Will you please tell me a bit more about that?" "What do you think of? Why?" "Do you agree with? Why?" As necessary, prompt your child to slow down, speak up, etc. Use the "Wh-" question words to encourage him/her to add details.	Read the article with your child. Then watch the video to help him/her prepare to present a persuasive speech.
Speaking and Listening Grade 5 Standard 5 (SL.5.5)	Students must be able to incorporate audio recordings and visual displays into presentations as appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.	Use digital media tools (iPad, computer, etc) to record your child reading or telling a story. Listen to the recording together and talk about clarity, speed, expression, etc. Supply your child with art supplies so that he/she can illustrate the subject he/she is writing or talking about. Ask your child "Can you show me what that looked like?" "Will you please draw a diagram to show me how that works?"	https://www.mheonline.com/ccssehandbook/grade5/ccslh g5 sl 5 2 1a 1 2.html Refer to this list of tips and strategies to help your child prepare for presentations.

Speaking and	Students must be able to recognize	Help your child find opportunities	http://www.readwritethink.org/parent-
Listening	the differences between formal	to engage in a variety of speaking	afterschool-resources/activities-
Grade 5	(e.g., presenting ideas) and informal	situations – speaking formally to	projects/convince-30648.html?main-
Standard 6	(e.g., small-group discussion) English	his/her principal, priest, etc and	tab=2#tabs
(SL.5.6)	and adapt their speech based on the	talking more informally with small	
	context of a situation and the	groups of friends, siblings, etc – to	Try this activity with your child to help
	purpose of the	allow him/her to practice	familiarize him/her with organizing and
	conversation/assignment. (See	distinguishing and alternating	presenting information aloud in a clear and
	grade 5 Language standards 1 and 3	between contexts.	appropriate way.
	for specific expectations.)		

		LANGUA	GE STANDARDS	
Parent Notes	Standard Code	What does this standard mean?	What can I do at home?	Resources
	Language Skills Grade 5 Standard 1 (L.5.1)	students must be able to use standard English grammar when speaking and writing. Specifically, they should be able to A. explain the function of conjunctions (e.g. and, but), prepositions (e.g. with, through), and interjections (e.g. Ouch! That hurt!) both in general and in specific sentences. B. form and use the perfect verb tenses (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked). C. use verb tenses to accurately communicate various times, sequences, states, and conditions. D. recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tenses (e.g. This morning, she cooked eggs, and they taste good). E. use correlative conjunctions (e.g. either/or, neither/nor).	Speak with your child in more complex sentences with conjunctions, prepositions, interjections, various verb tenses, and correlative conjunctions to model this behavior (e.g. "Wow! By tonight I will have hiked ten miles through the woods, so I will be exhausted."). As necessary, offer your child immediate feedback on his/her grammar and language usage in writing and speaking. Explain mistakes and offer concrete praise for accuracy. Help guide your child to recognize errors on his/her own (e.g. "I am going to read this sentence aloud. Listen carefully – especially to the verbs – and tell me if you hear something you think should be changed.").	A. Conjunctions http://www.englishworksheetsland. com/grade5/language/1conjunction s/5combinesent.pdf Prepositions http://www.englishworksheetsland. com/best/grade5/language/3prepos itions/7scarecrow.pdf Interjections http://www.englishworksheetsland. com/best/grade5/language/1inter/6 board.pdf Print these worksheets. Then encourage your child to use the to practice incorporating these parts of speech into his/her work. B. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/466 4-use-past-perfect-verbs Print the practice sheet for your child to complete as he/she watches the video. C. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/466 7-use-different-tenses-in-narrative- text-and-dialogue Print the practice sheet. Then prompt your child to complete the activities as he/she watches the video lesson.

			D. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/466 5-use-consistent-verb-tense Print the practice sheet. Encourage your child to complete it as you watch the video together. E. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uqBapRUdRFU http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/language/7conjunctions/2pairs.pdf Print this worksheet for you child to use for practice.
Language Skills Grade 5 Standard 2 (L.5.2)	Students must be able to use standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling rules when writing. Specifically, they should be able to A. use punctuation to separate items in a series (commas, semicolons). B. use commas to separate an introductory element from the rest of a sentence (e.g. On the beach, you need to wear sunscreen). C. use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g. Yes, I want to go.), to set off a tag question from the rest of a	As necessary, offer your child immediate feedback on his/her usage of capitalization, punctuation, and spelling in his/her writing. Explain mistakes and offer concrete praise for accuracy (e.g. "Listen while I read this sentence aloud. 'Yes I like to play that game.' Did you hear the natural pause? That's often where a comma goes. Where would you add a comma?"). When your child needs help spelling a word, do not simply tell him/her. Encourage him/her to try to spell it phonetically and then check a reference material to	A. http://www.k12reader.com/worksheet/using.pdf http://www.k12reader.com/worksheet/using-semicolons-in-aseries/view/ Print these pages. Then help your child to complete them to practice using punctuation for items in a series. B. http://www.k12reader.com/worksheet/commas-and-introductory-elements-clauses/view/

	sentence (e.g. It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g. Is that you, Dad?). D. use underlining, quotation	confirm.	Print this worksheet for your child to complete for review.
	marks, or italics to indicate titles of works. E. use their knowledge of spelling rules to spell 5 th grade level words and use		C. http://www.k12reader.com/worksh eet/commas-and-direct-address/view/
available resources (e.g. dictionaries) as necessary.		http://www.k12reader.com/worksh eet/commas-question-marks-and- tag-questions/view/ Print these worksheets. Then	
			encourage your child to complete them to practice using commas. D. http://www.k12reader.com/worksh
			eet/italics-and-underlining-for- titles/view/ http://www.k12reader.com/worksh eet/title-of-works-quotation-marks-
			vs-italics-or-underlining/view/ Encourage your child to complete
			these worksheets to practice writing titles correctly. E. http://www.k12reader.com/worksh
			eet/correct-the-spelling/view/ Print this worksheet. Prompt your child to use it to practice spelling 5 th grade level words.

Language	Students must be able to	Ask your child	A. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/505
Skills Grade 5	understand how language and	Ask your critic	5-show-don-t-tell
Standard 3	words are used in context.	"How is the language used in this	<u>3-3110W-doll-t-tell</u>
(L.5.3)	Specifically, they must be able to	[poem, drama, etc] different from	Print the student practice sheet.
(L.3.3)	Specifically, they must be able to		•
		the language of this text?"	Then prompt your child to complete
	A. expand, combine, and	For a company of the second second	the activity while he/she watches
	reduce sentences for	Encourage your child to write short	the video.
	meaning, reader/listener	letters, notes, etc about the same	D. http://www.analiah.com/chantalanad
	interest, and style.	topic to two different audiences	B. http://www.englishworksheetsland.
	B. compare and contrast the	(e.g. write a letter about a recent	com/best/grade5/language/14dialec
	varieties of English (e.g.	vacation to a teacher and to a	ts/15registers.pdf
	dialects, registers) used in	younger cousin). Discuss the	
	stories, dramas, and/or	differences in language used, style,	http://www.englishworksheetsland.
	poems.	etc (e.g. use of formal versus	com/best/grade5/language/14dialec
	poems.	informal English and emphasis of	ts/8identify.pdf
		particular topics based on reader	Deligate the construction of the section of the sec
		interest).	Print these worksheets for your
			child to use as practice identifying
			and comparing varieties of English.
Language	Students must be able to deduce the	When your child needs help	A. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/472
Skills Grade 5	meaning of unfamiliar or multiple-	determining the meaning and/or	1-comprehension-skill-video-
Standard 4	meaning words using a variety of	pronunciation of an unfamiliar	benjamin-franklin-inventor-printer-
(L.5.4)	strategies from fifth grade level	word, do not simply tell him/her.	writer-day-3
, ,	content. Specifically, they should be	Ask him/her	
	able to	,	Read the text with your child. Then
		"What does that word mean in the	watch the video lesson to review
		sentence?"	how to use context to figure out the
	A. use the context of a passage		meaning of an unfamiliar word.
	(e.g. cause/effect,	"Do you think that is exactly what	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	comparisons in text) to	that word/ phrase means, or do	B. http://www.englishworksheetsland.
	figure out the meaning of an	you think the author might be	com/best/grade5/language/16affixe
	unfamiliar word or phrase.	trying to say something else?"	s/7meaning.pdf
	B. figure out the meaning of a	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	word based on the use of	"What do you think that word	http://www.englishworksheetsland.
	common, grade-appropriate	might mean based on the rest of	com/best/grade5/language/16affixe
	affixes and roots (e.g.	the paragraph?"	s/12root.pdf
	photo graph,	1 0 1	
	photo synthesis).	If necessary provide him/her with a	Print the practice sheets for your
	C. use available resources (e.g.	children's dictionary and/or other	child to use for reviewing root words
		children's dictionary unapprocess	cilia to ase for reviewing root words

	dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses – both print and online) to determine the pronunciation and/or precise meaning of unfamiliar words and/or phrases.	resources to clarify or confirm the precise definition and/or pronunciation.	with common affixes. C. http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/grade5/language/17meaning/1/www.englishworksheetsland.com/best/grade5/language/17meaning/13dueling.pdf http://www.wordcentral.com/ Print the activity sheets. Use the online children's dictionary to help your child complete them.
Language Skills Grade ! Standard 5 (L.5.5)	Students must be able to recognize and understand figurative language, relationships between words and meanings, and nuances in meanings. Specifically, they should be able to A. interpret figurative language — including similes (e.g. as sharp as a tack) and metaphors (e.g. giant's steps were thunder from above) — in context. B. identify and define common idioms (e.g. having cold feet), adages, and proverbs (e.g. practice makes perfect). C. understand relationships between particular words (e.g synonyms — words of similar meaning, antonyms — opposites, homographs — words with the same	Introduce new words and phrases in context when talking to your child. Incorporate nonliteral meanings of words and phrases (e.g. "Your skin is ice after being outside without your coat!") and explain the alternate meanings to your child. When reading with your child, intentionally point out the use of language nuances. Ask your child "Who do you think the speaker is talking to when he/she says? Why?" "How do you know which meaning of [this homograph] the author intended to use?"	A. https://learnzillion.com/lessons/511 Watch this video lesson with your child to teach him/her how to incorporate similes into his/her writing. B. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YPngxOnjKP0 Watch this video with your child to further familiarize them with common idioms and their meanings. https://learnzillion.com/lessonsets/161-read-and-understand-idioms Read the text with your child. Then watch the video lessons to review common idioms. C. http://www.k12reader.com/worksheet/antonym-animals/view/

	spelling but different		
	meanings).		http://www.k12reader.com/worksh
	ineanings).		eet/choose-the-homograph/view/
			<u>eet/cnoose-tne-nomograph/view/</u>
			Print these activity sheets for your
			child to use for review.
			crilla to use for review.
Language	Students must be able to learn	Prompt your child to use new	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/gra
Skills Grade 5	(from reading, speaking with others,	vocabulary when he/she speaks or	de5/language/21vocabulary/8precise.pdf
Standard 6	etc) and use new vocabulary words	writes. Ask him/her	
(L.5.6)	and phrases – both general terms	,	http://www.englishworksheetsland.com/be
,	that appear across academic	"Do you remember another word	st/grade5/language/21vocabulary/13signal.
	subjects and vocabulary specific to	that means?"	pdf
	particular topics studied, including		
	words that signal contrast, addition,	"How do you feel when?"	Print these activity sheets for your child to
	and other logical relationships (e.g.,	,	use to practice learning new words and
	however, although, nevertheless,	Encourage your child to use precise	integrating them into his/her vocabulary.
	similarly, moreover, in addition).	language when he/she speaks (e.g.	
		"The boy told his dad that he was	
		bored" versus "The boy whined to	
		his dad that he was bored").	